* **Critical thinking** is a domain-general thinking skill
* **Critical thinking** is very important in the new knowledge economy.
* **Critical thinking** enhances language and presentation skills.
* **Critical thinking** promotes creativity.
* **Critical thinking** is crucial for self-reflection.
* Good **critical thinking** is the foundation of science and democracy.

Critical Thinker

Live and Learn Sports

Safeguarding Children

Partnership 2020

2. Importance of Critical Thinking

**Critical thinking** is the ability to think clearly and rationally about what to do or what to believe. It includes the ability to engage in reflective and independent **thinking**. Someone with **critical thinking** skills is able to do the following: understand the logical connections between ideas.

1. Background



3. Information

Kids are open and willing to learn new fundamental skills as long as they are taught in a fun and entertaining manner. [**JumpStart’s**](http://www.jumpstart.com/) critical thinking activities are therefore a great way to engage students and encourage critical thinking and logical reasoning skills in them!

<https://www.jumpstart.com/parents/activities/critical-thinking-activities>

7. Resources

**Critical thinking** is thinking about things in certain ways so as to arrive at the best possible solution in the circumstances that the thinker is aware of. In more everyday language, it is a way of thinking about whatever is presently occupying your mind so that you come to the best possible conclusion.

Someone with critical thinking skills can:

* Understand the links between ideas
* Determine the importance and relevance of arguments and ideas
* Recognise, build and appraise arguments
* Identify inconsistencies and errors in reasoning
* Approach problems in a consistent and systematic way
* Reflect on the justification of their own assumptions, beliefs and values

4. Information

To be a critical thinker we need to be able to:

* Think about a topic or issue in an objective and critical way
* Identify the different arguments there are in relation to a particular issue
* Evaluate a point of view to determine how strong or valid it is
* Recognise any weakness or negative points that there are in the evidence or argument
* Notice what implications there might be behind a statement or argument
* Provide structured reasoning and support for an argument that we wish to make

6. Information

The skills that we need in order to be able to think critically are varied and include observation, analysis, interpretation, reflection, evaluation, inference, explanation, problem solving, and decision making.

5. Information

RSCB

Rotherham Safeguarding Children Board –

 7-minute Briefing